

# 1.2 MHz, 2A Synchronous Step-Down Converter

### **GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The HX3421 is a 1.2MHz constant frequency, slope compensated current mode PWM stepdown converter. The device integrates a main switch and a synchronous rectifier for high efficiency without an external Schottky diode. It is ideal for powering portable equipment that runs from a single cell lithium-lon (Li+) battery. The HX3421 can supply 2000mA of load current from a 2.0V to 6.0V input voltage. The output voltage can be regulated as low as 0.6V. The HX3421 can also run at 100% duty cycle for low dropout operation, extending battery life in portable system. Pulse Skipping Mode operation at light loads provides very low output ripple voltage for noise sensitive applications.

The HX3421 is offered in a low profile (1mm) 5-pin, SOT package, and is available in an adjustable version and fixed output voltage of 1.2V, 1.5V and 1.8V.

## **APPLICATIONS**

- Cellular and Smart Phones
- Microprocessors and DSP Core Supplies
- Wireless and DSL Modems
- PDAs
- MP3 Player
- Digital Still and Video Cameras
- Portable Instruments

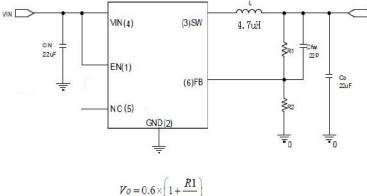
#### **FEATURES**

- High Efficiency: Up to 96%
- 1.2MHz Constant Switching Frequency
- 2000mA Output Current at V<sub>IN</sub>=3V
- Integrated Main switch and synchronous rectifier. No Schottky Diode Required
- 2.0V to 6.0V Input Voltage Range
- 6.0V Input overvoltage protection
- Output Voltage as Low as 0.6V
- 100% Duty Cycle in Dropout
- Low Quiescent Current: 40uA
- Slope Compensated Current Mode Control for Excellent Line and Load Transient Response
- Short Circuit Protection
- Thermal Fault Protection
- <1µA Shutdown Current</li>
- Space Saving 6-Pin SOT23 package

### **EVALUATION BOARD**

Standard Demo Board	Dimensions (mm)
HX3421	60X x 60Y x 1.6Z





100 98 96 94 99 90 90 90 88 84 82 80 0 0.5 1 1.5 2 2.5 Load Current (A)

**Efficiency vs Load Current** 

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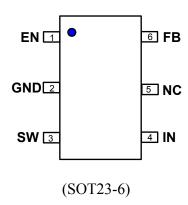


## **Absolute Maximum Rating** (Note 1)

Input Supply Voltage	0.3V to +7.5V
EN, V <sub>FB</sub> Voltages	
SW, Vout Voltages	
Peak SW Sink and Source Cu	

Operating Temperature Range... -40°C to +85°C Junction Temperature (Note2) ......+125°C Storage Temperature Range... -65°C to +150°C Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10s)......+300°C

# **Package/Order Information**



## Thermal Resistance (Note 3):

Package	Ө <sub>ЈА</sub>	θ <sub>JC</sub>	
SOT23-6	250°C/W	110°C/W	

Note 1: Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the life of a device may be impaired.

**Note 2:**  $T_J$  is calculated from the ambient temperature  $T_A$  and power dissipation  $P_D$  according to the following formula:  $T_J = T_A + P_D \times \Theta_{JA}$ .

Note 3: Thermal Resistance is specified with approximately 1 square of 1 oz copper.

Note 4: XY = Manufacturing Date Code

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## **Electrical Characteristics** (Note 5)

 $(V_{IN} = V_{EN} = 3.6V, TA = 25$ °C, Test Circuit Figure 1, unless otherwise noted.)

Parameter	Conditions	MIN	TYP	MAX	unit
Input Voltage Range		2.5		6.0	V
UVLO Threshold			2.4		V
OVP Threshold			6.0		V
Input DC Supply Current PWM Mode PFM Mode Shutdown Mode	Vout = 90%, Iload=0mA Vout = 105%, Iload=0mA V <sub>EN</sub> = 0V, V <sub>IN</sub> =4.2V		150 40 0.1	300 70 1.0	μΑ Αμ Αμ Αμ
	T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	0.588	0.600	0.612	V
Regulated Feedback Voltage	$T_A = 0^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	0.586	0.600	0.613	V
	$T_A = -40^{\circ}C \le T_A \le 85^{\circ}C$	0.585	0.600	0.615	V
Reference Voltage Line Regulation	Vin=2.5V to 5.5V		0.04	0.40	%/V
Output Voltage Line Regulation	V <sub>IN</sub> = 2.5V to 5.5V		0.04	0.4	%
Output Voltage Load Regulation			0.5		%
Oscillation Frequency			1.2		MHz
On Resistance of PMOS	Isw=100mA		0.08		Ω
ON Resistance of NMOS	I <sub>SW</sub> =-100mA		0.06		Ω
Peak Current Limit	V <sub>IN</sub> = 3V, Vout=90%	2			Α
EN Threshold		1.5			V
EN Leakage Current			±0.01	±1.0	μA
SW Leakage Current	V <sub>EN</sub> =0V,V <sub>IN</sub> =V <sub>SW</sub> =5V		±0.01	±1.0	μA
Thermal Shutdown			160		$^{\circ}\mathbb{C}$

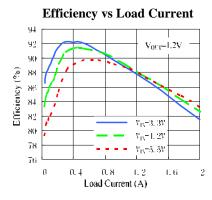
**Note 5:** 100% production test at +25°C. Specifications over the temperature range are guaranteed by design and characterization.

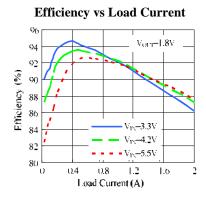
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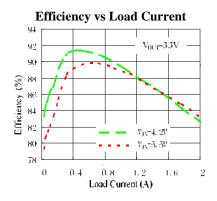


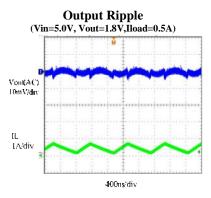
## **Typical Performance Characteristics**

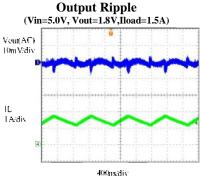
(Test Figure 1 above unless otherwise specified)

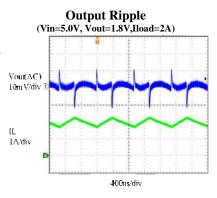


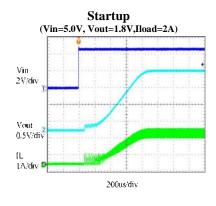


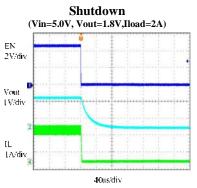


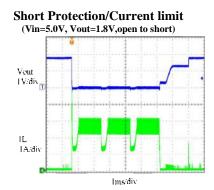






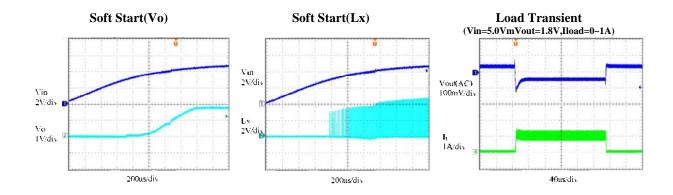


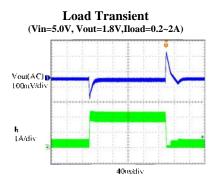


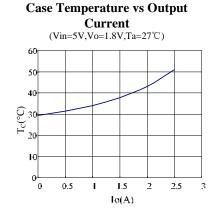


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# **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION				
1	EN	Regulator Enable control input. Drive EN above 1.5V to turn on the part. Drive EN below 0.3V to turn it off. In shutdown, all functions are disabled drawing <1uA supply current.Do not leave EN floating.				
2	GND	Ground				
3	SW	Power Switch Output. It is the Switch note connection to Inductor. This pin connects to the drains of the internal P-CH and N-CH MOSFET switches.				
4	VIN	Supply Input Pin. Must be closely decoupled to GND, Pin 2, with a 22uF or greater ceramic capacitor.				
5	NC	NC				
6	FB	Feedback Input Pin. Connect FB to the center point of the external resistor divider. The feedback threshold voltage is 0.6V.				

# **Functional Block Diagram**

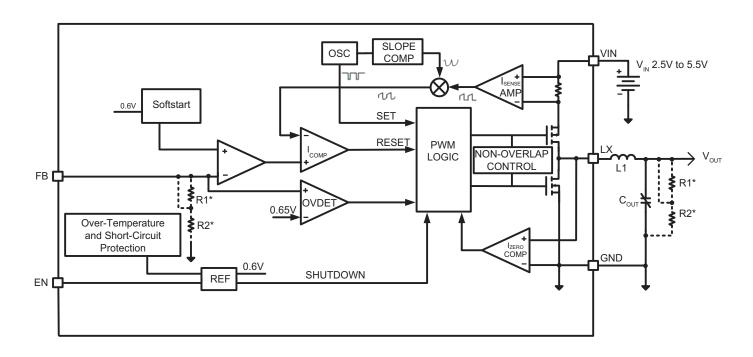


Figure 2. HX3421 Block Diagram

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## **Operation**

HX3421 is a monolithic switching mode Step-Down DC-DC converter. It utilizes internal MOSFETs to achieve high efficiency and can generate very low output voltage by using internal reference at 0.6V. It operates at a fixed switching frequency, and uses the slope compensated current mode architecture. This Step-Down DC-DC Converter supplies 1000mA output current at VIN = 3V with input voltage range from 2.0V to 6.0V.

#### **Current Mode PWM Control**

Slope compensated current mode PWM control provides stable switching and cycle-by-cycle current limit for excellent load and line responses and protection of the internal main switch (P-Ch MOSFET) and synchronous rectifier (N-CH MOSFET). During normal operation, the internal P-Ch MOSFET is turned on for a certain time to ramp the inductor current at each rising edge of the internal oscillator, and switched off when the peak inductor current is above the error voltage. The current comparator, I<sub>COMP.</sub> limits the peak inductor current. When the main switch is off, the synchronous rectifier will be turned immediately and stay on until either the inductor current starts to reverse, as indicated by the current reversal comparator, IZERO, or the beginning of the next clock cycle. The OVDET comparator controls output transient overshoots by turning the main switch off and keeping it off until the fault is no longer present.

## **Pulse Skipping Mode Operation**

At very light loads, the HX3421 automatically enters Pulse Skipping Mode. In the Pulse Skipping Mode, the inductor current may reach zero or reverse on each pulse. The PWM control loop will automatically skip pulses to maintain output regulation. The bottom MOSFET is turned off by the current reversal comparator, I<sub>ZERO</sub>, and the switch voltage will ring. This is discontinuous mode operation, and is normal behavior for the switching regulator.

## **Dropout Operation**

When the input voltage decreases toward the value of the output voltage, the HX3421 allows the main switch to remain on for more than one switching cycle and increases the duty cycle until it reaches 100%. The output voltage then is the input voltage minus the voltage drop across the main switch and the inductor. At low input supply voltage, the  $R_{\rm DS(ON)}$  of the P-Channel MOSFET increases, and the efficiency of the converter decreases. Caution must be exercised to ensure the heat dissipated not to exceed the maximum junction temperature of the IC.

**Note 5:** The duty cycle D of a step-down converter is defined as:

$$D = T_{ON} \times f_{OSC} \times 100\% \approx \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{IN}} \times 100\%$$

Where  $T_{ON}$  is the main switch on time and  $f_{OSC}$  is the oscillator frequency (1.4Mhz).

#### **Maximum Load Current**

The HX3421 will operate with input supply voltage as low as 2.0V, however, the maximum load current decreases at lower input due to large IR drop on the main switch and synchronous rectifier. The slope compensation signal reduces the peak inductor current as a function of the duty cycle to prevent sub-harmonic oscillations at duty cycles greater than 50%. Conversely the current limit increases as the duty cycle decreases.

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# APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

#### **Setting the Output Voltage**

Figure 1 above shows the basic application circuit with HX3421 adjustable output version. The external resistor sets the output voltage according to the following equation:

$$V_{OUT} = 0.6V \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

Table 1 Resistor select for output voltage setting

V <sub>OUT</sub>	R2	R1
1.2V	100k	100k
1.5V	100k	150k
1.8V	100k	200k
2.5V	100k	316k
3.3V	100k	453k

Note: R2 Resistor must be lower than 100K.

#### **Inductor Selection**

For most designs, the HX3421 operates with inductors of  $1\mu H$  to  $4.7\mu H$ . Low inductance values are physically smaller but require faster switching, which results in some efficiency loss. The inductor value can be derived from the following equation:

$$L = \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times \Delta I_L \times f_{OSC}}$$

Where  $\Delta I_L$  is inductor Ripple Current. Large value inductors lower ripple current and small value inductors result in high ripple currents. Choose inductor ripple current approximately 35% of the maximum load current 2000mA, or  $\Delta I_L$  =210mA.

For output voltages above 2.0V, when light-load important, the efficiency is minimum recommended inductor is 2.2µH. For optimum voltage-positioning load transients, choose an inductor with DC series resistance in the  $50m\Omega$ to  $150m\Omega$  range. For higher efficiency at heavy loads (above 200mA), or minimal load regulation (but some transient overshoot), the resistance should be kept below  $100m\Omega$ . The DC current rating of the inductor should be at least equal to the maximum load current plus half the ripple current to prevent core saturation (2000mA+105mA). Table 2 lists some typical surface mount inductors that meet target applications for the HX3421.

Table 2. Typical Surface Mount Inductors

Part #	L (µH)	Max DCR (mΩ)	Rated D.C. Current (A)	Size WxLxH (mm)
Sumida CR43	1.4 2.2 3.3 4.7	56.2 71.2 86.2 108.7	2.52 1.75 1.44 1.15	4.5x4.0x3.5
Sumida CDRH4D18	1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7	75 110 162	1.32 1.04 0.84	4.7x4.7x2.0
Toko D312C	1.5 2.2 3.3 4.7	120 140 180 240	1.29 1.14 0.98 0.79	3.6x3.6x1.2

#### **Input Capacitor Selection**

The input capacitor reduces the surge current drawn from the input and switching noise from the device. The input capacitor impedance at the switching frequency shall be less than input source impedance to prevent high frequency switching current passing to the input. A low ESR input capacitor sized for maximum RMS current must be used. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are highly recommended because of their low ESR and small temperature coefficients. A  $4.7\mu F$  ceramic capacitor for most applications is sufficient.

#### **Output Capacitor Selection**

The output capacitor is required to keep the output voltage ripple small and to ensure regulation loop stability. The output capacitor must have low impedance at the switching frequency. Ceramic capacitors with X5R or X7R dielectrics are recommended due to their low

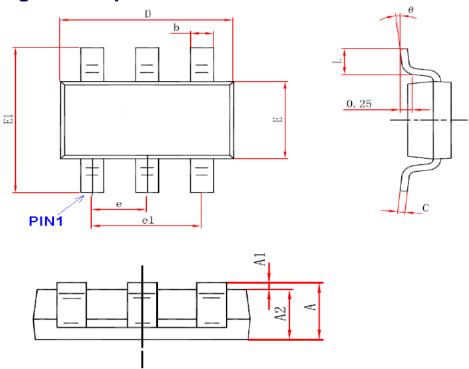
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ESR and high ripple current. The output ripple  $V_{\text{OUT}}$  is determined by:

$$\Delta V_{OUT} \leq \frac{V_{OUT} \times (V_{IN} - V_{OUT})}{V_{IN} \times f_{OSC} \times L} \times \left(ESR + \frac{1}{8 \times f_{osc} \times C3}\right)$$

# **Package Description**



Symbol	Dimensions In Millimeters		Dimensions In Inches	
Symbol	Min	Max	Min	Max
А	0.700	0.900	0.028	0.035
A1	0.000	0.100	0.000	0.004
A2	0.700	0.800	0.028	0.031
b	0.350	0.500	0.014	0.020
С	0.080	0.200	0.003	0.008
D	2.820	3.020	0.111	0.119
E	1.600	1.700	0.063	0.067
E1	2.650	2.950	0.104	0.116
е	0.95 (BSC)		0.037	(BSC)
e1	1.90 (BSC)		0.075	(BSC)
L	0.300	0.600	0.012	0.024
θ	0°	8°	0°	8°

Note: Package outline exclusive of mold flash and metal burr.

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